Chaitanya Group Of Industries

ReadyMED®
Dehydrated Cell Culture Media

Technical Data Sheet

Mannitol Salt Agar (Harmonized) RDM-H-MSA-01

Principle
Mannitol salt agar is a medium used for the detection and enumeration of *Staphylococci*. It was described by Chapman and prepared in accordance with the harmonized principles of USP/IP/JP as medium for microbial limit testing of pharmaceutical products and raw material used in pharmaceutical industries. Mannitol salt agar contains pancreatic digest of casein, peptic digest of animal tissue and meat extract (equivalent to beef extract) as sources of carbon, nitrogen, vitamins and minerals. Sodium chloride, in high concentration (7.5%), act as selective agent, allow only to grow the *Staphylococci* and halophilic *Enterobacteria* and inhibit other bacteria. Phenol red is the pH indicator. D-Mannitol is the carbohydrate source. Mannitol fermentation with an accumulation of acid products, detected by the phenol red indicator which turns yellow and produces a yellow halo surrounding the presumptive pathogen colonies. Characteristic non-pathogenic *Staphylococci* do not ferment mannitol and form red colonies. Since, this medium exploits the correlation between the pathogenic and fermentative capacity of mannitol of staphylococci, for a presumptive diagnosis.

Use: Recommended for selective isolation and detection of *Staphylococci* according USP/IP/JP as medium for microbial limit testing of pharmaceutical products.

Contents*

Ingredients	**Gram/Litre**
Pancreatic Digest of Casein	5.000
Peptic Digest of Animal Tissue	5.000
Meat Extract#	1.000
D-Mannitol	10.000
Sodium Chloride	75.000
Phenol Red	0.025
Agar	15.000
pH at 25˚C	7.4 ±0.2

* Formula adjusted for optimum performance and parameters
#Equivalent to beef extract

Directions: Dissolve 111.00 grams in 1000 ml distilled water. Boil to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 min, cool it to 42-45 °C, and distribute in sterile petri plates and allow to solidify. Ensure complete solidification and inoculate test sample aseptically.

Specimens types analyzed
Pharmaceutical samples, clinical and non-clinical samples etc.

Precautions to be taken
These microbial media are intended for the in-vitro use only. All the handling, experiments, storage, and discarding should be performed with the help of skilled and knowledgeable technicians and as per the established guidelines. The material should be disposed only after proper sterilization by autoclaving. Please go through the MSDS of the media to avoid any accidents or in emergency.

Performance and Evaluation
The expected performance of the medium is liable to use as per the direction on the label when stored at optimum conditions and within expiry date.

Quality Control

Appearance	Light pink beige colored free flowing, homogeneous powder
Reaction of 11.0% solution	7.40 ±0.2 at 25 ˚C
pH	7.10- 7.60
Gelling	Firm comparable with 1.5% agar gel
Color and clarity of ready medium	Orange to red colored slightly opalescent gel
Growth Promotion properties	Best at ≤ 100 CFU at 32-37 ºC for 18-72 h
Indicative properties	Optimum at ≤ 100 CFU at 32-37 ºC for 18-48 h
Negative control	Performed using sterile distilled water

Different Microbial Response

Organism	Inoculum	Growth	Recovery	Incubation period
Growth promoting and indicative				
Staphylococcus aureus (ATCC 25923)	50-100	Luxurious	60-70%	33-37 ℃, 24-48 h
Inhibitory				
Escherichia coli(ATCC 8739)	50-100	Inhibited	-	33-37 ℃, 24-48 h

Storage and Shelf Life

Hygroscopic; keep container tightly closed. Store in cool dry place.

Disposal: To avoid the contamination or propagation of any hazardous microbes the used, unusable or modified preparation of this product must be disposed after autoclaving after completion of task.

Reference

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